

# **Quality and Safety Series**

Developing a Reliable Process

# OBJECTIVES

- Define process reliability.
- Discuss the importance of process reliability.
- Identify the four steps in developing a reliable process.

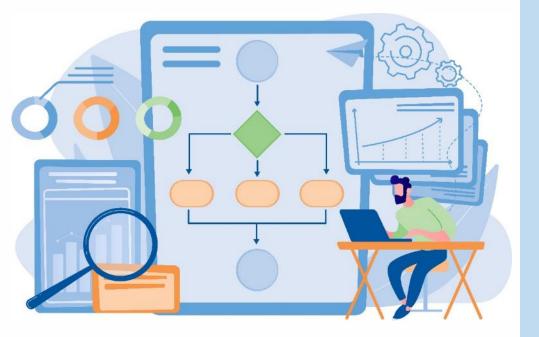


## Two Terms to Understand

The consistency of a process to **Process Reliability** produce a specific output **> 95%** The ability of a process to **Process Capability** produce a specific output



## What Is Process Reliability?



- Is a deliberate design
- Is a standard operating procedure
- Reduces deficits
- Increases consistency
- Improves outcomes
- Builds in evidencebased care



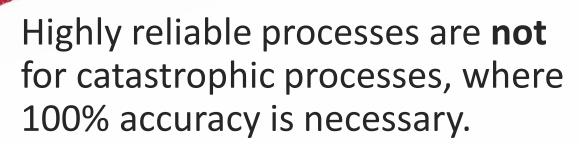
## **Process Failure**

- Variation
- Autonomy
- Person-dependent processes
- Expecting policies to drive outcomes
- Education as a primary intervention





## When You Need 100%



- Right-site surgery
- Blood transfusions
- Sponge/instrument counts



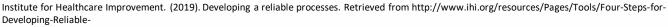
## **IHI Four Steps to** Developing a Reliable Process

#1 Segmentation

#2 **Visualization** 

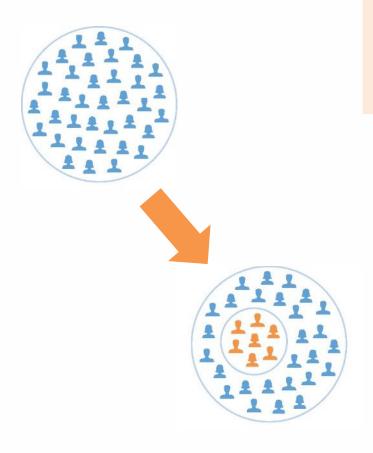
#3 **Standardization**  **Redundancy** 

IHI = Institute for Healthcare Improvement





## Step 1: Segmentation

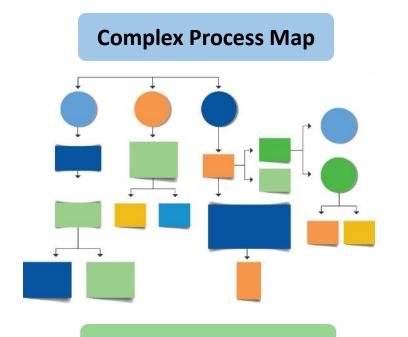


Focus on a smaller, representative group until a process is refined.

- Single unit, department, clinic, etc.
- Engaged frontline staff
- Innovative team
- Strong leadership
- Must be large enough to compile a sample
- Small enough to manage
- Scale and spread later

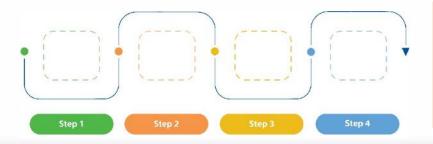


## Step 2: Visualization—Process Mapping



A process map is a visual representation of a series of steps or activities to achieve a particular result, provide a service, or create a product.

## **Simplified Process Map**

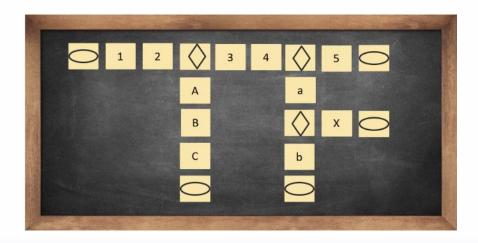


For more information on process mapping, refer to the HSAG HQIC quickinar on Process Mapping: www.hsag.com/hqic/quality-series#\_Process\_Mapping



## Step 2: Visualization—Important Tips

- Develop as a group effort.
- Include those closest to the work.
- Start basic with 3–5 high-level steps.
- Create a graphic representation of the "current state."
- Identify defects or errors in the process.



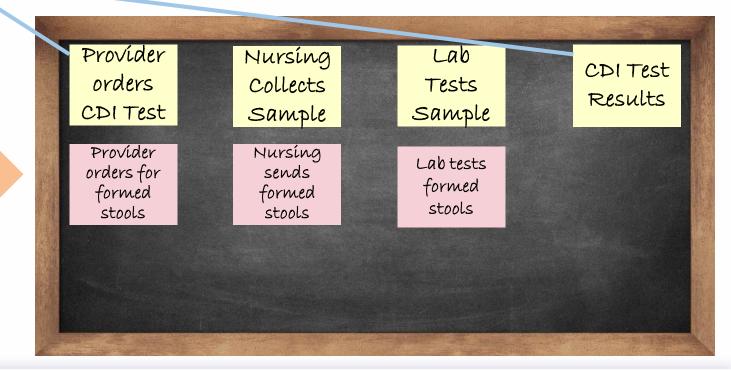


## Step 2: Visualization—Example

Start with beginning of process and end of process to set the scope

Very High-Level, Current-State Process Map
On CDI Testing

**Identify errors** 





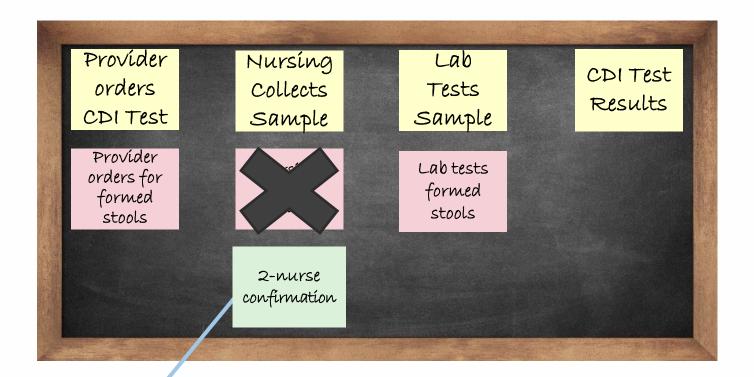
## Step 3: Standardization—Next Steps

- Identify deficits (points of failure) to correct.
- Enlist a multidisciplinary team.
- Include those directly involved in the process.
- Brainstorm ideas.
- Determine focus.





## Step 3: Standardization—Example



Improved process to resolve issue



## Step 3: Standardization—Future State Process

## **CDI Testing Process**

#### Who

Who will complete the task?

#### What

What task will they complete?

#### When

When will they complete the task?

#### Where

Physical location completed?

#### How

What will they do?

- Tool
- Template
- Checklist



Nursing

#### What

2-nurse sign-off

#### When

Before sending to lab

#### Where

On unit

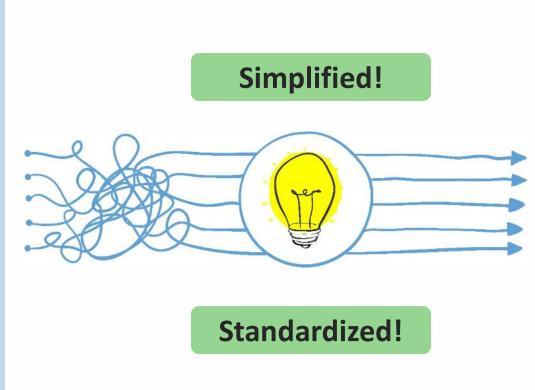
#### How

Validate in electronic health record (EHR)



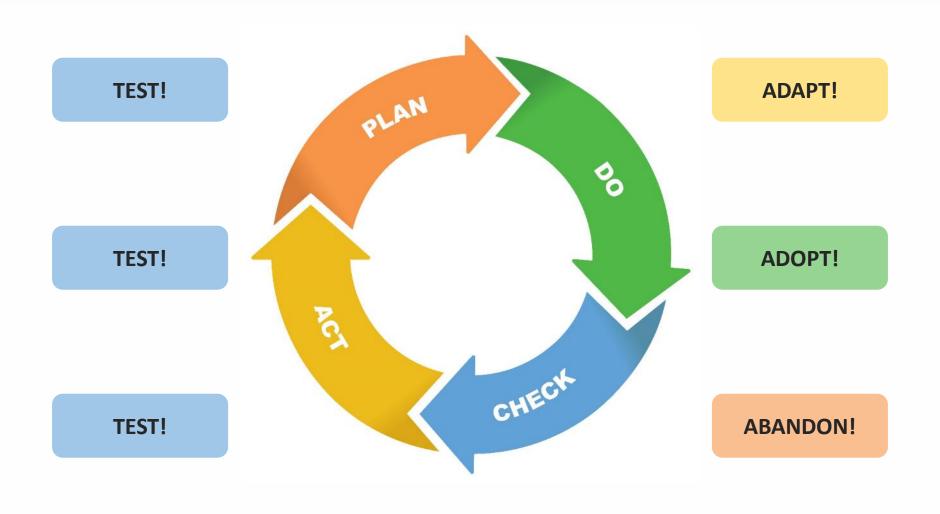
## Reminder: Keep It Simple!

- Don't make the process too complex to follow.
- Incorporate natural workflows.
- Solicit input from frontline staff.



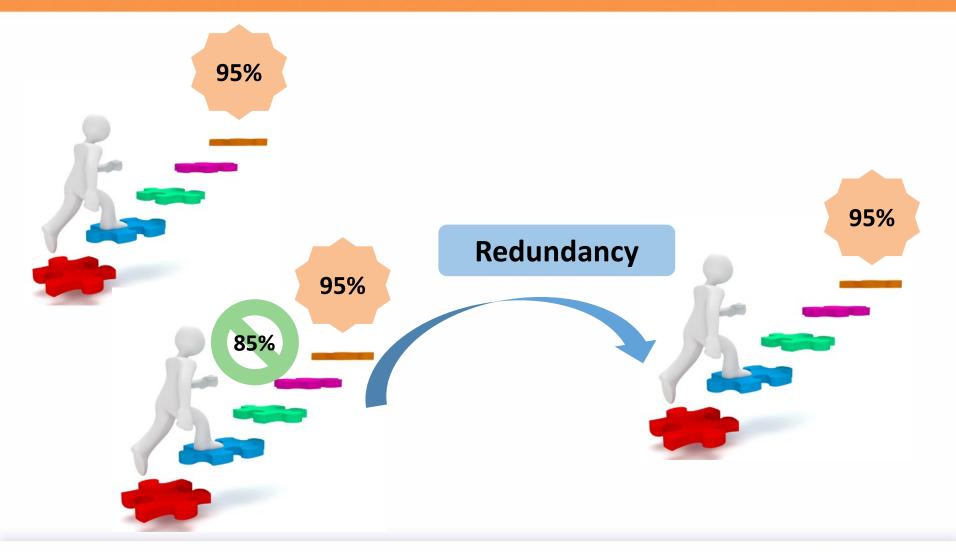


## Getting It Right





# Step 4: Redundancy





## What Is Redundancy?

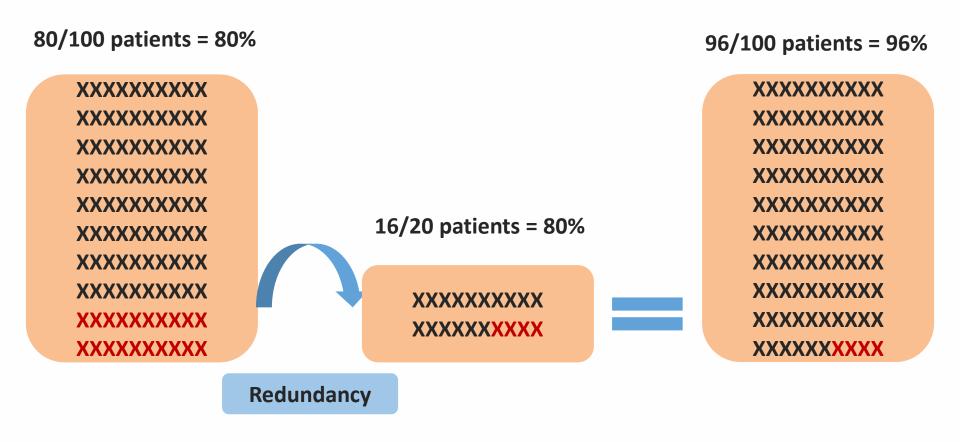
## **Back-Up Plan!**



Redundancy is an integrated process to improve the overall outcome and increase reliability.

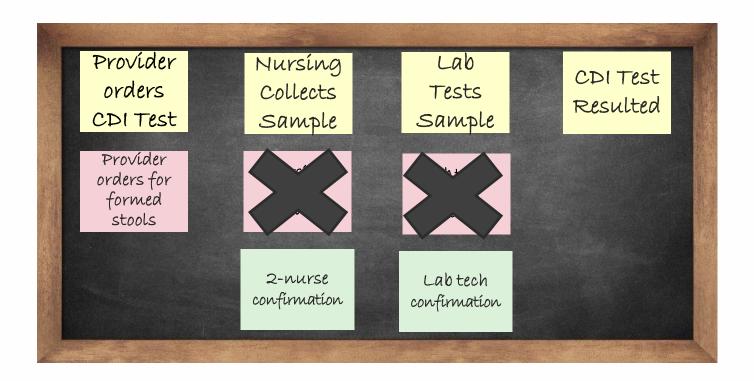


## **Another Example**





## Step 4: Redundancy—Example



Redundant Process



## Step 4: Redundancy—Future State Process

### **CDI Testing Redundancy Process**

#### Who

Who will complete the task?

#### What

What task will they complete?

#### When

When will they complete the task?

#### Where

Physical location completed?

#### How

What will they do?

- Tool
- Template
- Checklist



Lab Tech

#### What

Lab Tech sign-off

#### When

Upon receipt of sample

#### Where

In lab

#### How

Validate in EHR



## Key Take-Aways

- When designing new processes, it is important to ensure they are reliable.
- A reliable process achieves a 95% or greater success rate.
- Only use this process for non-catastrophic processes.
- Standardize, simplify, and test!
- Build in redundancies to improve outcomes.







# Thank you!

Questions: hospitalquality@hsag.com

This material was prepared by Health Services Advisory Group (HSAG), a Hospital Quality Improvement Contractor (HQIC) under contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Views expressed in this document do not necessarily reflect the official views or policy of CMS or HHS, and any reference to a specific product or entity herein does not constitute endorsement of that product or entity by CMS or HHS. Publication No. XS-HQIC-QI-01042022-01