







# California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Infection Prevention Webinar

Wednesday, March 8, 2023

#### **Upcoming Calls**



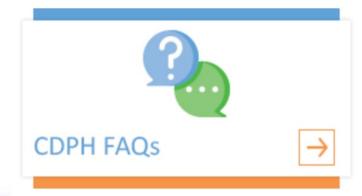


- CDPH Tuesday, 8 a.m., All-Facilities Phone Calls
  - New Schedule: Second Tuesdays of each month
  - Call in: 1.844.721.7239
  - Access code: 799 3227
- CDPH Wednesday, 3 p.m., SNF Infection Prevention (IP) Webinars
  - 2nd & 4th Wednesdays of every month
  - Register at: hsag.com/cdph-ip-webinars
  - Recordings, notes, and slides are posted at registration site
- HSAG Tuesday, 11:30 a.m., National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) Updates & Office Hours:
  - https://bit.ly/NHSNofficehours2023JanFebMarch

# New Monthly Wednesday Webinar Schedule Registration Link Coming Soon

- April to October 2023—4th Wednesday every month
- November 2023—5th Wednesday
- December 2023—3rd Wednesday
  - March 22
  - April 26
  - May 24
  - June 28
  - July 26
  - August 23
  - September 27
  - October 25
  - November 29
  - December 20







#### Agenda





- 2023 Educational Opportunities
- Testing Task Force Updates
- Immunization Branch Updates
- Cal/OSHA Aerosol Transmissible Disease (ATD) Standard
- Healthcare-Associated Infection (HAI) Updates
- Q&A

#### 2023 Educational Opportunities

#### **Care Coordination**

1st Tuesday

hsag.com/cc-quickinars



#### **Emergency Preparedness**

3rd Wednesday

hsag.com/epp-series

Health Equity
2nd & 4th Thursdays
hsag.com/health-equityquickinars



#### Patient & Family Engagement

1st & 3rd Thursdays

hsag.com/pfe-quickinars



#### CDPH COVID-19 Therapeutics Provider Warmline

- Call the Warmline to immediately connect with a clinician for a free and confidential consultation on COVID-19 testing and treatment.
- Call 1.866.268.4322 (1.866.COVID.CA) Monday through Friday from 6

   a.m. to 5 p.m. PST. Warmline is managed by the University of California,
   San Francisco (UCSF) National Clinician Consultation Center.
- Leave a voicemail after hours and your call will be returned.
- Online submission form available: <a href="https://nccc.ucsf.edu/">https://nccc.ucsf.edu/</a>
- CDPH COVID-19 Surge Readiness: Best Practice Fact Sheets
  - Best Practices for Skilled Nursing Facilities
  - Best Practices for Long Term Care Facilities





### Cal/OSHA ATD Standard

## Interim Guidance for Protecting Workers at Skilled Nursing and Long-term Care Facilities, Pt.1

- Cal OSHA ATD guidance
- https://www.dir.ca.gov/dosh/Coronavirus/Skilled-Nursing.html



# Interim Guidance for Protecting Workers at Skilled Nursing and Long-term Care Facilities, Pt.2

- If a skilled nursing or long-term care facility is not able to refer or transfer a suspect or confirmed COVID-19 patient, in addition to the requirements explained above, the employer must:
  - Move the patient in a timely manner to an airborne infection isolation room (AIIR) if the facility has one available.
  - If no AIIR is available, the facility should consult with CDPH and provide the maximum level of separation available as appropriate.
  - This may include a private room with the door normally kept closed with portable systems to create negative pressure.



## Interim Guidance for Protecting Workers at Skilled Nursing and Long-term Care Facilities, Pt.3

- Provide employees with a fit-tested, NIOSH-approved respirator whenever the employee is in the area where COVID-19 patients are located.
- Provide any medical screening or surveillance recommended by CDPH or the local health department to employees to support the early detection of COVID-19 infection.



#### Placement of PPE Supplies

- **Problem:** SNF has 2-hour, fire-rated doors. Therefore, hanging PPE (gloves, masks, gowns) on the doors along with signs (and the plastic-coated metal caddy) eliminates the 2-hour fire rating. Also, there needs to be 8 feet of clearance in the corridor, so carts/containers cannot fit.
- <u>PPE for Transmission-Based Precautions (TBP)</u> should be placed **outside** of the room and be donned/doffed outside before entering and after exiting.
- PPE for Enhanced Standard Precautions (ESP) should be placed inside the room and be donned/doffed within the room; avoid PPE contamination.

#### Solutions:

- Use metal signs to eliminate laminated paper signs.
- Combine signs when possible; put signs on the wall (not the door).
- Fire Protection guidance allows up to 30% flammable material on a fire rated door, as long as the door still operates.

#### Placement of PPE Supplies to Facilitate ESP

# Comparing Standard, Enhanced Standard, Transmission-Based Precautions: Implementation

Precautions	Implementation	
STANDARD	<ul> <li>Hand hygiene, change PPE within room, before and after care activity</li> <li>All residents, everywhere</li> </ul>	
ENHANCED STANDARD	<ul> <li>Perform resident assessment for risk of MDRO colonization and transmission</li> <li>Hand hygiene, change PPE within room, before and after high-contact care activities</li> <li>Residents may leave room if they are able to observe required hygiene practices</li> </ul>	
TRANSMISSION- BASED	<ul> <li>Hand hygiene, change PPE upon room entry and exit</li> <li>Confine resident to room</li> <li>Single-bed room or cohort residents with same infection</li> </ul>	







### **HAI Updates**

#### California's State of Emergency Ended

- California's State of Emergency proclaimed on March 4, 2020, is terminated effective February 28, 2023.\*
  - Executive Orders related to the terminated State of Emergency are no longer in effect, e.g., certain temporary waivers.
- On Friday, March 3, 2023, CDPH announced changes to State Public Health Officer Orders and guidance:
  - Masking in healthcare and other high-risk settings
  - Vaccine requirements for healthcare personnel (HCP)
  - COVID-19 isolation guidance

#### Masking in Healthcare Settings

- Beginning April 3, 2023, California will no longer require masking in indoor healthcare settings.
- CDPH recommendations are now tied to the CDC's COVID-19
   Community Levels based on hospitalization rates, hospital bed occupancy, and COVID-19 incidence:

CDC Community Level	Individuals in the Community	Staff and Patients/Residents in Indoor High-Risk Settings
Low	Personal preference; consider if vulnerable	Consider
Medium	Everyone consider; recommended if vulnerable	Recommended
High	Everyone recommended; strongly if vulnerable	Strongly recommended

#### Masking in Healthcare Settings (cont.)

- Current requirement remains in effect until April 3, 2023.
- Local health departments and facilities may develop and implement plans to recommend or require universal masking based on exposure risk for high-risk individuals and settings.
  - Check with your local health department.
  - Consider level of risk—skilled nursing facility residents are among the highest at risk.
  - Consider masking requirement for HCP in patient/resident-care areas or during patient/resident-care interactions.
  - Consider reinstituting universal masking (if not currently required)
     during an outbreak response.
- <a href="https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Guidance-for-Face-Coverings.aspx">https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Guidance-for-Face-Coverings.aspx</a>.

#### Vaccine Requirements for HCP

- Beginning April 3, 2023, the state of California will no longer require vaccination and boosters for HCP.
  - State Public Health Officer Order, "<u>HCW Vaccine Requirement</u>" (originally issued 8/15/21; will be rescinded 4/3/23)
- Per <u>CMS QSO 23-02-ALL</u>, CMS continues to require HCP to have received the COVID-19 primary vaccine series, unless exempted.
  - 42 CFR 483.80(d)(3) and 42 CFR 483.460(a)(4)(i) also require long-term care facilities to offer COVID-19 vaccines to residents, clients, and staff onsite and in accordance with the CDC and ACIP COVID-19 vaccine schedule, which includes bivalent booster doses.
- Local health departments and healthcare facilities may implement COVID-19 vaccination requirements for HCP
- CDPH continues to strongly recommend that all HCP and high-risk individuals remain up to date on COVID-19, influenza, and other recommended vaccines.

ACIP = Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices

#### **COVID-19** Isolation Guidance

### Guidance for Local Health Jurisdictions on Isolation and Quarantine of the General Public

• In alignment with CDC recommendations, beginning March 13, 2023, a COVID-19 positive person may end isolation after 5 days if they feel well, have improving symptoms, and are fever-free for 24 hours, with less emphasis on testing negative.

This updated guidance <u>does NOT apply</u> to HCP in settings, including SNFs, covered by <u>AFL 21-08.9</u>, which is unchanged.

• CDPH guidance for isolation of SNF residents is unchanged as specified in <u>AFL 22-13</u>.

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Guidance-on-Isolation-and-Quarantine-for-COVID-19-Contact-Tracing.aspx

### Questions?















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