

# Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) COVID-19 Mitigation Plan (All Facilities Letter 20-52): Personal Protective Equipment

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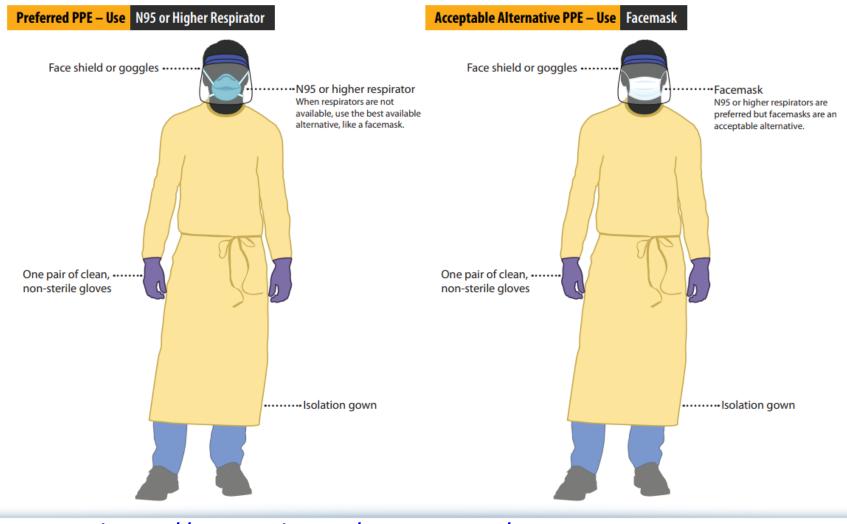


#### **Objectives**

- Review California Department of Public Health (CDPH) All Facilities Letter (AFL) 20-52.
  - Element 3: personal protective equipment (PPE) required for COVID-19 transmissionbased requirements
- Discuss strategies for extended use of PPE.



### What Does Appropriate PPE Look Like?



https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019ncov/downloads/A\_FS\_HCP\_COVID19\_PPE.pdf



#### Proper Use of PPE

- **Donning** correctly includes safety checks (integrity of PPE, seal-check each time an N95 is donned).
- Doffing
  - Slow, deliberate process (must be separate from donning area)
    - Recommend buddy system
    - Use checklist (CDC<sup>1</sup> already has one created) <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-</u> <u>ncov/hcp/using-ppe.html</u>
- Practice, practice, practice. Training and practice will be ongoing.





#### **PPE Plan**

Adequate Supply	•
Duration of Stock	٠
Vendors	•
Report to CDPH	•
CDPH Will Report to NHSN	

- SNF must have a plan for adequate PPE supply
  - Types to be kept in stock
    - N95 respirators, facemasks, face shields, goggles gowns, gloves
- Duration stock is expected to last
- Information on established contracts or relationships with vendors
- Per <u>AFL 20-43.3</u>, report PPE and hygiene supplies to CDPH
- CDPH will report this information on behalf of facilities through the SNF COVID-19 Survey. Facilities must first enroll in the CDC's National Health Safety Network (NHSN) system and then confer rights to CDPH



#### **CDC PPE Burn Rate Calculator**

Calculator		Graphs		Instructions			
Box A		Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day
		XX/XX/2020	XX/XX/2020	XX/XX/2020	XX/XX/2020	XX/XX/2020	XX/X
		How Many COVID-19 Patients are Being Treated at Start of the Day? Ent					
Number of Suspected and Confirmed COVID-19 Patients		20	20	28	26	35	
Type of PPE	Size/Brand	How Many F	ull Boxes Are	Remaining at	Start of the D	ay? Enter Below	w.
Gowns	Size 1	500	475	400	350		
	Size 2						
	Size 3						
Gloves	small						
	medium						
	large						
	extra large						
Respirators							

www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/ppe-

<sup>6</sup> <u>strategy/burn-calculator.html</u>



# PPE Shortages—What To Do?

Keep Corporate Informed

Establish Vendor Relationships

Request Emergency PPE

- If part of a corporation—keep corporate contact informed of your usage and anticipated needs
- If not done already—establish relationship with your local PPE vendor
- Ahead of critical PPE need—contact local public health (LPH) to request emergency PPE from the Medical and Health Operational Area Coordinator (MHOAC)



# Appropriate PPE (for Source Control)—1

- Facemasks (or respirators, if needed for PPE)
  - All HCP<sup>1</sup> at all times while in the building
  - HCP should practice extended use of facemask or respirator
    - No N95s with an exhaust valve—they do <u>NOT</u> provide source control
- HCP may change into cloth face covering upon leaving SNF
- Cloth face covers
  - Residents, limited visitors, staff not in the resident care areas, such as kitchen or administration
  - <u>NOT</u> for HCP while in the building



#### 9 Source: CDPH AFL 20-39

#### Appropriate PPE-2

- Goggles or face shield
  - When caring for suspected or known COVID-19 resident
  - Or any time body fluid splash is anticipated
- Gown
  - When caring for suspected or known COVID-19 resident
  - Or any time body fluids splash is anticipated
  - May be disposable or washable fluid resistant material
- Gloves
  - Hospital-grade disposable exam gloves





Image source: CDPH



#### Appropriate PPE—3

- N95 respirators
  - When performing care for residents with suspected or confirmed COVID-19
  - Fit test for the brand N95 being used
  - Always perform seal check to ensure proper fit



Performing seal check

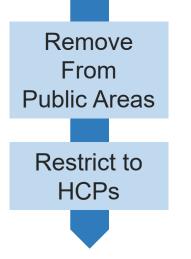
Filter out Confusion: Frequently Asked Questions About Respirator Protection

www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2018-130/pdfs/2018-

130.pdf?id=10.26616/NIOSHPUB2018130



### Facemasks—Contingency Strategies



- Remove supply of facemasks for visitors in public areas.
- Restrict to use by HCP, rather than patients, for source control.



### Facemasks—Crisis Strategy

- Use beyond the manufacturer-designated shelf life, provided that visual inspection prior to use does not reveal concerns that prompt discarding.
- If no facemasks are available, use a face shield that covers the entire front (that extends to the chin or below) and sides of the face.
- Consider use of homemade masks as a last resort, ideally with a face shield that covers the entire front and sides of the face.



# N95 Respirators—Contingency Strategy

OSHA Guidance	<ul> <li>Temporarily suspend annual fit testing of respirators, per interim guidance from OSHA.<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>
Shelf Life	<ul> <li>Use respirators beyond the manufacturer designated shelf life for training and fit testing.</li> </ul>
Extend Use	<ul> <li>Implement extended use.         <ul> <li>Practice wearing the same N95 respirator for repeated close contact encounters with several different patients, without removing the respirator between patients, preferably in a cohort setting.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1. OSHA=Occupational Safety and Health Administration

13 Source: CDPH AFL 20-39

### N95 Respirators—**Crisis** Strategies

- Use beyond the manufacturer-designated shelf life, provided that visual inspection prior to use does not reveal concerns that prompt discarding.
- Use respirators approved under standards used in different countries that are similar to the CDC's National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)-approved respirators.
- Limited reuse of respirators.
- Use of additional respirators beyond the manufacturer-designated shelf life for healthcare delivery that have not been evaluated by NIOSH.



#### **KN95 Respirators**

- NIOSH does not acknowledge "KN95" as a level of approved respiratory protection.
- CDPH does not acknowledge "KN95" as a level of approved respiratory protection.



# Decontamination and Reuse of N95 Respirators

- Performed by Battelle Critical Care Decontamination System (CCDS)
- SNF must:
  - Sign service agreement
  - Collect used N95 according to instructions
- Battelle CCDS will:
  - Pick up contaminated N95 free of charge
  - Decontaminate N95 respirators
  - Return to facility

#### **Battelle N95 CCDS Informational Packet**

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CHCQ/LCP/CDPH%20Doc ument%20Library/Battelle%20Information%20Packet-ada.pdf



# Face Shields & Eye Protection—**Contingency** Strategies

Clean/ Disinfect Reusables Extended Use

Disposables

Reusable

- Shift supplies from disposable to reusable.
- Ensure appropriate cleaning and disinfection between users if goggles or reusable face shields are used.

• Implement extended use.

• Dedicate a disposable face shield to one HCP if it will be reprocessed.

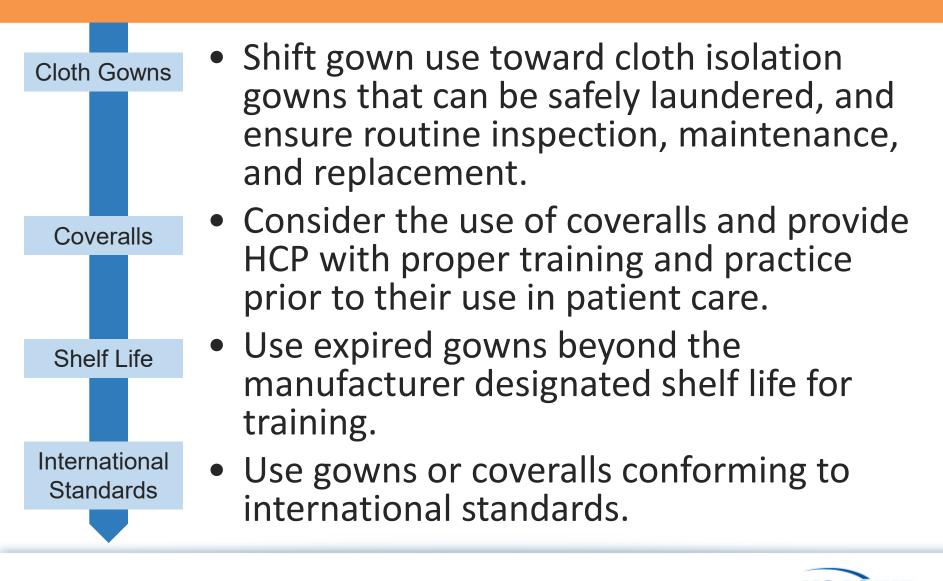


# Face Shields & Eye Protection – **Crisis** Strategies

- Use beyond the manufacturer-designated shelf life, provided that visual inspection prior to use does not reveal concerns that prompt discarding.
- Consider using safety glasses (e.g., trauma glasses) that have extensions to cover the side of the eyes.



# Gowns—Contingency Strategy



#### Gowns-Crisis Strategy 1

- Extended use of isolation gowns, worn by the same HCP when interacting with cohorted patients if there are no additional co-infectious diagnoses transmittable by contact among patients.
- Reuse cloth isolation gowns to minimize exposures to HCP, but not necessarily to prevent transmission between patients.
- Consider suspending use of gowns for endemic multidrug resistant organisms (e.g., MRSA, VRE, ESBL-producing organisms).

MRSA=Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* VRE= Vancomycin-resistant enterococci ESBL= extended spectrum beta-lactamase

### Gowns-Crisis Strategy 2

- When no gowns are available, consider using certain gown alternatives, which have not been evaluated as effective, as a last resort (e.g., disposable laboratory coats, washable patient gowns, washable laboratory coats, or disposable aprons). Combinations are optimal:
  - Long-sleeve aprons with long-sleeve patient gowns or laboratory coats
  - Open-back gowns with long sleeve patient gowns or laboratory coats
  - Sleeve covers in combination with aprons and longsleeve patient gowns or laboratory coats



#### Summary

• The nature of the very vulnerable **Full-time** population in SNFs necessitates the need Trained IP for a full-time trained infection perfectionist (IP) in every SNF. Immediate online training is available to Online **IP** Training new IPs. SNFs must make a daily inventory of **Daily PPE** necessary PPE and be aware of usage to Inventory avoid critical shortages. Following a plan for optimizing strategies Extend Use to extend the use of PPE to ensure of PPE resident and HCP safety.





# Thank you!

#### For more information, please contact any HAI Liaison IP Team member or email: HAIProgram@cdph.ca.gov

Register for next week's webinar at: www.hsag.com/cdph-ip-webinars



#### **Questions?**



Register for next week's webinar at: www.hsag.com/cdph-ip-webinars





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